

# MOUNT CANOBOLAS STATE CONSERVATION AREA

## LIST OF FROGS, ARBOREALS, MARSUPIALS, MICROBATS, MONOTREMES, RODENTS & REPTILES

Compiled by: Richard Medd, Nov 2022



The list has been compiled mostly from records in the Atlas of Living Australia and recent surveys and observations. The SCA has modest amphibian, mammal and reptile diversity. However, some species may represent distinct evolutionary units with populations at the limits of species range. Other outliers may represent disjunct and potentially genetically distinct populations. Their significance with regard to connectivity with populations elsewhere has yet to be investigated. Two arboreal mammals and four microbats are listed as threatened species. The amphibian and reptilian species are generally poorly recorded and require more expert survey.

AMPHIBIANS			
Family	Scientific Name	Common Name	Remarks
	<b>Frogs</b>		
Hylidae	<i>Litoria verreauxii</i>	Whistling Tree Frog	
Limnodynastidae	<i>Limnodynastes dumerilii dumerilii</i>	Eastern Banjo Frog	
Myobatrachidae	<i>Crinia parainsignifera</i>	Eastern Sign-bearing Froglet	
	<i>Crinia signifera</i>	Common Froglet	
	<i>Uperoleia laevigata</i>	Smooth Toadlet	
MAMMALS			
	<b>Arboreals</b>		
Acrobatidae	<i>Acrobates pygmaeus</i> <sup>1</sup>	Feathertail Glider <sup>1</sup>	
Petauridae	<i>Petaurus australis</i>	Yellow-bellied Glider	Threatened Westernmost
	<i>Petaurus notatus</i> <sup>2</sup>	Kreffft's Glider <sup>2</sup>	
Phalangeridae	<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>	Australian Brushtail Possum	
Pseudocheiridae	<i>Petauroides volans</i>	Greater Glider	Threatened Westernmost
	<i>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</i>	Common Ringtail Possum	
	<b>Exotic mammals</b>		
Bovidae	* <i>Capra hircus</i>	Goat	
Canidae	* <i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	Dog	
	* <i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Red Fox	
Cervidae	* <i>Cervus elaphus</i>	Red Deer	
Equidae	* <i>Equus caballus</i>	Horse	
Leporidae	* <i>Lepus capensis</i>	Brown Hare	
	* <i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	Rabbit	

Suidae	* <i>Sus scrofa</i>	Pig	
	<b>Marsupials</b>		
Dasyuridae	<i>Antechinus agilis</i> <sup>3</sup>	Agile Antechinus <sup>3</sup>	Northernmost
	<i>Antechinus stuartii</i>	Brown Antechinus	Westernmost
Macropodidae	<i>Macropus giganteus</i>	Eastern Grey Kangaroo	
	<i>Macropus rufogriseus</i>	Red-necked Wallaby	
	<i>Osphranter robustus robustus</i>	Wallaroo	
	<i>Wallabia bicolor</i>	Swamp Wallaby	
Vombatidae	<i>Vombatus ursinus</i>	Bare-nosed Wombat	
	<b>Microbats</b>		
Emballonuridae	<i>Saccolaimus flaviventris</i>	Yellow-bellied Sheath-tail-bat	Threatened
Miniopteridae	<i>Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis</i>	Eastern Bent-wing Bat	Threatened Westernmost [outliers Balranald & Narrabri]
Molossidae	<i>Austronomus australis</i>	White-striped Freetail-bat	
	<i>Mormopterus (Ozimops) planiceps</i>	Little Mastiff-bat	
	<i>Mormopterus (Ozimops) ridei</i>	Ride's Free-tailed Bat	
Vespertilionidae	<i>Chalinolobus dwyeri</i>	Large-eared Pied Bat	Threatened
Vespertilionidae	<i>Chalinolobus gouldii</i>	Gould's Wattled Bat	
	<i>Chalinolobus morio</i>	Chocolate Wattled Bat	
	<i>Falsistrellus tasmaniensis</i>	Eastern False Pipistrelle	Threatened
	<i>Nyctophilus geoffroyi geoffroyi</i>	Lesser Long-eared Bat	
	<i>Scotorepens orion</i>	Eastern Broad-nosed Bat	
	<i>Vespadelus darlingtoni</i>	Large Forest Bat	
	<i>Vespadelus regulus</i>	Southern Forest Bat	
	<i>Vespadelus vulturnus</i>	Little Forest Bat	
	<b>Monotremes</b>		
Tachyglossidae	<i>Tachyglossus aculeatus</i>	Short-beaked Echidna	
	<b>Rodents</b>		
Muridae	* <i>Mus musculus</i>	House Mouse	
	<i>Rattus fuscipes</i>	Southern Bush Rat	
	* <i>Rattus rattus</i>	Ship Rat	
<b>REPTILES</b>			
	<b>Lizards</b>		
Agamidae	<i>Amphibolurus muricatus</i>	Jacky Lizard	
	<i>Rankinia diemensis</i>	Mountain Dragon	Westernmost

Scincidae	<i>Acritoscincus platynotus</i>	Red-throated Skink	
	<i>Ctenotus robustus</i>	Robust Ctenotus	
	<i>Ctenotus taeniolatus</i>	Copper-tailed Skink	
	<i>Egernia cunninghami</i>	Cunningham's Skink	
	<i>Egernia striolata</i>	Tree Skink	
	<i>Eulamprus heatwolei</i>	Yellow-bellied Water Skink	Westernmost
	<i>Eulamprus quoyii</i>	Eastern Water-skink	
	<i>Hemiergis decresiensis</i>	Three-toed Earless Skink	
	<i>Hemiergis talbingoensis</i>	Three-toed Skink	
	<i>Lampropholis delicata</i>	Dark-flecked Garden Skink	
	<i>Lampropholis guichenoti</i>	Pale-flecked Garden Sunskink	
	<i>Liopholis whitii</i>	White's Skink	
	<i>Menetia greyii</i>	Common Dwarf Skink	
*?	<i>Pseudemoia entrecasteauxii</i>	Tussock Cool-skink	Westernmost
	<i>Saproscincus mustelinus</i>	Weasel Skink	Westernmost
	<i>Tiliqua nigrolutea</i>	Blotched Blue-tongue	
	<i>Tiliqua rugosa</i>	Shingle-back	
	<i>Tiliqua scincoides</i>	Eastern Blue-tongue	
Varanidae	<i>Varanus gouldii</i>	Gould's Goanna	
	<i>Varanus varius</i>	Lace Monitor	
	<b>Snakes</b>		
Elapidae	<i>Austrelaps ramsayi</i>	Highland Copperhead	Westernmost
	<i>Cryptophis nigrescens</i>	Eastern Small-eyed Snake	?Westernmost
	<i>Pseudonaja textilis</i>	Eastern Brown Snake	

**Footnotes:**

<sup>1</sup> Two species of Feathertail Glider are now recognized, both of which could occur in the SCA, but thus far only one has been recorded.

<sup>2</sup> Sugar Gliders have recently been taxonomically revised; those recorded for the SCA are deemed to be Krefft's Glider.

<sup>3</sup> Agile Antechinus identification was determined from DNA analyses.

\* Denotes Exotic species.

Care has been taken to verify records – please advise of any errors or additional species observations via Orange Field Naturalist & Conservation Society Em: [orangefieldnats@gmail.com](mailto:orangefieldnats@gmail.com)

**And be sure to add any new sightings to a database such as BioNet or Atlas of Living Australia.**